ALCOHOL & COMMERCIAL TOBACCO ARE NOT MY GODITORS

Commercial Tobacco and Alcohol Retail Assessment Summary



Cow Creek Band of Umpqua Tribe of Indians Tribal Service Area

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Alcohol and Commercial Tobacco Industries Target Tribal Communities

Alcohol and commercial tobacco industries push dangerous products that addict Native peoples and harm tribes and communities. **Industries steal cultural imagery and misrepresent tribal Nations' sacred traditions** to sell addictive products and target tribal communities with promotions, events and giveaways.^{1,2,3}

Because Indian Nations are not directly impacted by state and local smokefree laws and other tobacco control measures, the commercial **tobacco industry has identified these sovereign communities as untapped and unprotected opportunities** to maximize their profits.²

Targeted marketing compounds the legacy of historical and contemporary trauma. Marketing contributes to higher rates of alcohol and commercial tobacco use among Native peoples in Oregon.¹ This results in a **53% higher rate of commercial tobacco-related deaths and 115% higher rate of alcohol-related deaths for tribal people** compared to all people in Oregon.⁴

This is modern colonialism and genocide of Native peoples.

Retail Assessment Shines Light on Industry Tactics in Locations Across Oregon

In collaboration with tribes and local tobacco and alcohol prevention programs, the Oregon Health Authority (OHA) conducted a statewide assessment of alcohol and commercial tobacco advertising, marketing and promotion in convenience stores, grocery stores, gas stations and other retail locations where people shop daily. The assessment provides a comprehensive understanding of the ways in which Native peoples are targeted by the alcohol and commercial tobacco industries. These Addictions Take Money From the Pockets of Tribal Families



In Oregon, someone who smokes a pack of cigarettes a day and quits will save over \$2,200 a year.⁵

Excessive drinking costs every person in Oregon, including those who don't drink, more than \$900 each year.⁶

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Why the Retail Environment Matters

About 7 out of 10 About 7 out of Native youth in Oregon **10** Native youth Young people remembered seeing a in Oregon visit notice industry commercial tobacco convenience advertising.Ē advertisement on stores every a storefront or in a week. store. = Tuununnunnun Tuununnunnunnunnun F

Alcohol and Commercial Tobacco Products are Sweet, Cheap and Everywhere — and Designed to Hook Youth.

Flavored Alcohol and Commercial Tobacco Products Appeal to Underage Consumers by Masking the Harsh Taste.



A 24-ounce alcopop contains the same amount of alcohol as a bottle of wine and two times the amount of sugar as a can of soda.



Nine out of 10 commercial tobacco retailers in Oregon sold fruit and candy flavored e-cigarettes or cigarillos.⁷

Alcohol and Commercial Tobacco In the Cow Creek Band of Umpqua Tribe of Indians Tribal Service Area^{7,8}

16.9% of retailers had commercial tobacco placed in areas that are appealing to youth.





ear candy or toys.



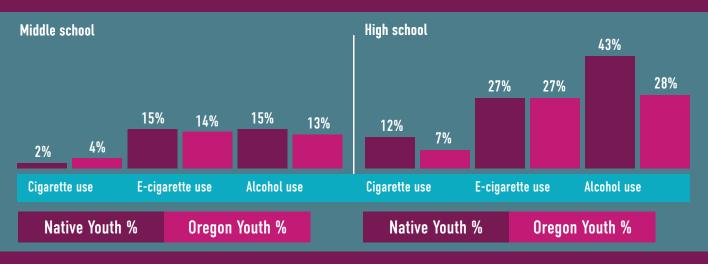
63.1% of retailers advertised cigarillos for less than \$1.10 each.



33.3% of retailers had price promotions for alcopops.



Cow Creek Band of Umpqua Tribe of Indians Service Area Data



* Data may have small numbers and should be reported with caution.

Youth Data (Oregon Healthy Teens Survey, 2019)



Cow Creek Band of Umpqua Tribe of Indians Tribal Service Area⁸ Tribes in Oregon have united through a "culture is prevention" framework to address alcohol and commercial tobacco use in Native communities. As part of a comprehensive approach using Tribal Based Practices,⁹ Tribes combat industry tactics through policies for the benefit of the next generation.



Policy and environmental solutions can complement strategies already in place in tribal communities that protect the health of community members.

^{Commercial} Tobacco Alcohol	
XX	Proximity and Density Policies: Zoning restrictions can cap the number of retailers in an area, require a minimum distance between retailers or prohibit retail locations near schools or other areas youth frequent.
XX	Raising the Price of Products: Raising the price of alcohol and commercial tobacco is the most effective way to reduce consumption. Approaches include prohibiting discounts, multipack offers and coupons that keep products cheap.
X	Commercial Tobacco Retail Licensure: A system to track commercial tobacco retailers in counties within tribal service areas, educate retailers about commercial tobacco laws, and keep commercial tobacco out of the hands of children and youth.
X	Commercial Tobacco-Free Spaces: Advancing commercial tobacco prevention policies, including policies in schools, workplaces, pow wows and public events and spaces.

Ready to quit commercial tobacco? Call the Native Quit Line at 1.800.QUIT.NOW (1.800.784.8669) and dial 7

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- 8. Oregon tribal service areas are defined by tribes and published in the Federal Register.
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